

The New Era

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. VI. NO. 25.

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1857.

WHOLE NO. 285.

Business Directory.

NEWMARKET

Stove, Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron, and Japan Warehouse.

In returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed to the firm of Horox & Son, the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

J. & J. HODGE,
and having lately purchased those commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. Sarah Davis, our Shop has been removed there, where will be found, constantly on hand a large assortment of

KOOGING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES, Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Japanese and Pressed Tin Ware; Cistern Pumps, and Lead Piping.

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured to order on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in the above line of business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine this Stock before selecting elsewhere.

£7 Old Cast Iron, Coper, Brass, Pewter, Lead, Rags, Sheepskins, Furs of every description, and Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods.

J. & J. HODGE.

Newmarket, Dec. 25, 1856.

ff-47

F. W. BATHICK,

TEACHER OF MUSIC, NEWMARKET, C. W. Pianos tuned to order, in Town or Country, on the shortest notice. RESIDENCE—House of Mr. Brodie.

Newmarket, Sept. 6, 1855.

ff-31

T. BOTSFORD,

SADDLER, Harness and Trunk maker, one door south of the North American Hotel, Main Street, Newmarket. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED.

Newmarket, Dec. 1st, 1854.

ff-31

J. SAXTON,

WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted.

WANTED—an Apprentice to learn the Business.

Newmarket, September 9, 1853.

ff-32

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to THOMAS NIXON, at the Bible Depository, opposite Hewitt's Hotel.

Newmarket, March 26, 1856.

ff-10

GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT,

Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker, Main Street Newmarket. All Orders executed with Dispatch.

Newmarket, Fe. 6th, 1856.

ff-51

Eagle Hotel,

NEAR THE NEWMARKET STATION, KEPT BY NICOLAIS HJIKWS. This House has been thoroughly renovated. Every accommodation for Travellers, and good stabling for horses.

Newmarket, Aug 1st 1856.

ff-28

New Waggon and Carriage Shop,

THE Undersigned respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has lately opened a

WAGGON AND CARRIAGE SHOP, in his new premises, Simon Street, near the Catholic Church, where will be prepared to execute all orders with which he may be favored, with due durability and despatch.

Call and examine the work and hear the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ROBERT MURRAY.

Newmarket, May 29, 1856.

ff-17

THOMAS NIXON,

Licensed Auctioneer, for the Townships of Whitchurch, King and Luton, Guelphshire.

Auction Sales attend in the older Townships.

THOMAS NIXON.

Newmarket, Feb. 19, 1857.

ff-3

DR. BENTLEY,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, NEWMARKET, Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street.

Feb. 20, 1857.

ff-3

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

corner of Seneca & Elliott Streets, Buffalo, N. Y. PROPRIETORS—E. YOUNGLOVE AND G. E. L. JACKSON.

BOARD, \$1 PER DAY.

Just Printed,

A ND for sale at this office, BLANK MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, adapted to the use of Ministers of all Denominations. Price 1s per dozen, or £3 per 100.

Newmarket, March 26, 1857.

ff-57

N. HAWKS,

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER AND ARCHITECT,

Will give strict attention to Designing and Superintending the construction of every description of Steam Engines, and other Machinery for general Manufacturing Purposes.

Office—Eagle Hotel, Newmarket.

March 26, 1857.

ff-58

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS,

All descriptions, on hand for sale. Apply at the NEW ERA OFFICE.

March 26, 1857.

ff-59

Business Directory.

CHARLES MORTIMER, M. D. PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, AURORA.

ff-16

D. M. RANNEY,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, SHARON.

ff-16

A. BOULTBEE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—in the New Court, Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855.

ff-36

B. MOORE,

BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c. Office—in the New Court, Newmarket, next to the County Council Office, Toronto, Toronto, June 5, 1857.

ff-6

JOHN R. JONES,

BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—in Elgin Building, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.

Toronto, June 20, 1855.

ff-23

NORTH RICHARDSON,

CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c. Commissioner in the Queen's Bench. Office—Old Stand. Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured Newmarket, 1855.

ff-1

INTERNATIONAL

Life Assurance Society of London, Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.

ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent.

Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855.

ff-41

DR. PYNE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has REMOVED to his new premises on Lydia Street, opposite the Woollen Factory, where he may be called at all hours, except when absent on professional business.

Newmarket, May 14, 1856.

ff-15

M. W. BOGART'S

MILLINERY SHOW ROOMS,

I now Opened for the Season, where will be found a large assortment of

Dunstable, Rice Straw, Tuscan & Fancy Bonnets, Hats, &c.,

and all kinds of Millinery suitable for the season, all of which will be dispensed at a small advance.

Newmarket, April 30 1857.

ff-13

A. J. McCracken,

CARRIAGE MAKER, NEWMARKET, Having recently located in this place, will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of CARRIAGES, such as

BAROUCHE, ROCK-A-WAYS,

Rough and Ready, Phaetons, Prince Alberts, Trotting Buggies, &c.

Repairing done in a Neat and Substantial manner.

SHOP, ON MAIN STREET,

Three doors South of the New Era Printing Office.

Newmarket, April 15, 1857.

ff-11

Eagle Iron Foundry.

JAMES ALLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to cast STEVES, SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINE CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.

A number of SUGAR KETTLES, STEVES, and PLoughs, on hand for sale.

Newmarket, February 10th 1851.

ff-1

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Office—Eagle Hotel, Newmarket.

March 2

New Advertisements.

Menagerie and Circus—Van Amburgh & Co.
Meeting of Creditors—S. Machell & S. Ashton,
Weaving—L. Intner.
Notice—S. Machell & S. Ashton.
Notice—Michael Naylen.
Stay Heifer—Geo. Rotter.
Female Pilk—Northrop & Moses.
Carl—F. Chalapka.
Carl—H. M. Bramble.
Cash Sale—T. Nixon.

Agents for the "New Era"

Aurora—Messrs. Ashton & Machell.
KETTERLEY—Mr. S. Snider.
LINTON—Mr. J. Pearson.
BROWNSVILLE—Messrs. McDonagh & Walker.
Agents will be appointed in other places as soon as proper persons can be selected.

THE NEW ERA
Newmarket, Friday July 24, 1857.

Editorial Summary.

On Monday night last a severe wind storm passed over this section of country, doing considerable damage to the spring crops. During the week we have seen acres of spring grain lying as flat as if a heavy roller had passed over it.

We have been requested to announce that the Christian Church in Newmarket will hold its regular quarterly meeting next Saturday and Sunday. The quarterly collection will be taken on Sunday, after the Morning services, after which will be Communion.—Preaching at 4 p.m.

Messer Van Amburgh & Co.'s great show will visit Newmarket on Friday next. It comprises a Circus and Menagerie combined, and is considered one of the best that ever made a tour of the Canadas. We believe they perform all they advertise.—See Advertisement in another column.

An Examination of the Common School, Newmarket, will take place on Wednesday, 29th July. The Junior Classes will be examined in the forenoon and the more advanced Classes in the afternoon. Parents and others interested in the cause of Education are invited to attend.

From a card which appears in our advertising columns this day, it will be seen that Prof. Chalapka is about removing from this part of the country to Port Hope. As a musician he has gained many warm friends in this section of country; and we are satisfied that in removing to his new field of labor, he carries with him the good wishes of all with whom he has made acquaintance.

We are pleased to be able to state that an energetic effort is now being made to raise the means necessary to construct a good road along the Town Line East between Whitelock and East Gwillimbury. One of the Committees appointed to receive subscriptions informed us this week that upwards of \$600 had already been subscribed. Add to this the amount of Whitelock grant, \$200, and the expected grant from East Gwillimbury of \$100, and they will have a fund of some \$900 to commence with. The work is supposed to cost about \$1,600, and we have no doubt the amount will be speedily raised.—The committee will wait upon the people of Newmarket during the coming week, perhaps, to receive their donations. We might also mention that Uxbridge and Scott Councils have determined to carry this line of road the length of their Township. This road is an important one, and we hope those interested will receive sufficient encouragement to enable them to push the work with energy.

Summary of Acts of Parliament.

During the past week we received from the Clerk of Routine and Records in the Assembly, a Summary of the Acts of Parliament introduced, and also of Acts passed at the recent Parliamentary Session at Toronto, from which we learn that 398 Bills were introduced; 226 of which passed both Houses and received the Royal Assent, and one was reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure.—

Twenty-nine of the above Bills affect the whole province; twenty-seven affect Upper Canada only; eighteen affect Lower Canada only; forty-two affect healthies in the Upper Province, and twenty-three the Lower,—while eighty-seven were private Acts. The foregoing statement furnishes a strong argument in favor of a dissolution of the Union. Only some 29 measures were adopted affecting the whole Province, while 27 were adopted affecting this part of the country alone, and 18 affecting Lower Canada alone. Of the 27 adopted for the Upper Province, how many of the Frenchmen from below were really capable of giving an opinion? or of the 18 for the Eastern part of Canada, how many Western members were sufficiently posted to give a vote for or against? The fact is, both parties go it blind on all these measures, and vote according to the inclinations of the parties with which they stand connected, with but few exceptions. Such a system—such a state of things is derogatory to the Legislative body—completely rotten, and should receive careful consideration by every constituency in the Province. We must either have a Federal Union of the Provinces with a local Legislative body in each or the Union between Upper and Lower Canada dissolved. The present system is increasing the public debt—adding to the taxation of the country—crippling our resources and clogging the wheels of progress. While it is the manifest destiny of the West to go forward with energy, in the march of civilization and enterprise, our cautious system hangs like an incubus, sappling and undermining the very bulwarks of her prosperity, and ruining our public men. The time has come, too, when those who have the interest of the country at heart should speak out, on this matter. It is one of the evils of the Union that enables such men as those now in power to sit upon the treasury benches to guide the ship of state; and it is the same cause that led to railway speculations and the bribery of our public men. Under these circumstances it betrays the people of Canada—the electors of every constituency—to consider these things; and every well-wisher to our country's prosperity should speak out boldly and independently on this matter. Let the people take warning from the past, and act decisively in the future.

A Chivari—Serious Amusement.

On the evening of the 13th inst., an attempt was made to chivari a newly married couple in Nowland, East Gwillimbury, which terminated very seriously. The particulars of the case, as narrated to us, are as follows. A company of young men and boys assembled around the house in which the bride and bridegroom were to spend the night, and commenced making discordant sounds, when Mr. Eli Birchard, a brother of the newly married, came out and ordered the parties off the premises. The company then retreated into the road and again commenced their music; but a young man named Wm. Cuyler, being lame, was unable to travel as fast as the rest, was attacked by Birchard with an axe, who made several passes at him, which Cuyler warded off with a large Cowbell. Finally the young man succeeded in reaching the fence, when Birchard, hastily tearing off a board struck him with the end of it fair in the face, mangling the jaw in a horrible manner. Cuyler was picked up for dead; but he shortly after revived and was carried home bleeding profusely all the while. Dr. Pyno, of Newmarket, happening to be in the neighborhood, was immediately summoned, and succeeded in stitching the blood, but not until the young man had nearly lost his life. He is now lying in a very precarious situation. A strong feeling of indignation against Birchard pervades the whole settlement, and on Saturday night last the chivari party returned with lard and feathers, but were unable to find him. They then demolished the windows and left abundant evidence of their visit. The next day after the first disturbance, it is said Birchard picked up the teeth he had knocked from the jaw of Cuyler, and went about the neighborhood exhibiting them. However strongly we might feel called upon to condemn the chivari party, we can but censure, in the strongest terms, the rashness of Birchard. May this circumstance prove a salutary lesson to all concerned; and may other neighborhoods also take warning. Birchard, we understand, has fled from the settlement altogether, fearing the injury Cuyler has received will terminate fatally.

Is the "Leader" Correct?

A correspondent complains that the Township Council of South Gwillimbury, elected for 1857, resolved to devote the Clergy Reserve moneys to the construction of roads, after the people under the Late Council had resolved to apply them to education. Our correspondent is informed that the municipalities have no power to invest these moneys for any purpose but only to spend them?

The above we clip from the Leader of the 20th inst., and for the life of us cannot tell upon what authority he bases his opinion.—When the mouthpiece of a Government speaks no points of law, its language should at least bear the semblance of truth, in order that the public may not be totally led astray or form erroneous conclusions. We take the liberty to inform the Leader's correspondent, that Municipalities have power to invest them. And to prove this, we will quote a section from the Act passed last Session, which distinctly says Municipalities may set aside their share of the Clergy Reserve money for any special purpose and invest it. Section two says—"It shall be lawful for the several Municipalities aforesaid, by By-law to set apart for any special purpose, which special purpose shall be mentioned in such By-law, the whole or any part of the moneys derived from "The Upper Canada Municipalities Fund," and to invest the same in the purchase of Provincial, Consolidated Loan Fund or Municipal Debentures, for the purposes mentioned in such By-laws, and from time to time to sell and dispose of such securities and reinvest the proceeds in other like securities, or otherwise appropriate the same in the manner mentioned in and directed by the said By-law or other By-law passed for that purpose."

There is no doubt but the Leader and Spence kidney of Reformers would like to have fixed the matter in accordance with the idea expressed in the extract at the head of this article; but the feeling of the House and the country generally was against such a step, and they had to yield. We hope the organ will be a little more careful in giving a legal opinion next time.

Correspondence.

If we wish to be distinctly understood that we are responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the New Era.

DEAR SIR—I send you by your issue of the 10th inst., a communication from some person in or about Aurora, calling himself "Numbscull"; and according to the tenor of his article, you, and your numerous readers would be led to think we were rather a ram's horn of folks at Aurora. In the first place he says that we are in a "messy" as to the duty of a Magistrate.—Now, sir, such is not the case—that is, with a majority of the citizens; although such may be the case with Mr. "Numbscull"; for I suppose there are plenty of good folks here that know full well what the duty of a Justice of the Peace is, without asking him to run after every leaf he may see flying along the streets.

Again, Mr. "Numbscull" intimated some great ado on the 12th; but for his information, and the public at large, I would beg to state there was nothing of the kind—both the 12th and the 13th passed off as quietly as any person could wish for. Now, sir, for a word or two of explanation, I wish it to be distinctly understood that there is not a man in Canada that would be more weary with a Justice of the Peace than myself; if I knew him to shrink his duty, nor would I have troubled you with his letter, were it not for a desire to oblige the public in the matter. I had intended to have treated "Numbscull" in communication with that contempt it deserved—for the very person that he complains of lives between the 4th and 6th Con. of Whitelock, and not in Aurora; neither has he told you how it was that these persons happened to be there—and that they were drunk. Now, it is evident they did not get their grog from the Mechanics' Institute. No, Sir, the truth is, you are aware that the day on which the Mechanics' Institute held their Anniversary, was the Queen's Birth-Day; and it was also the day on which the general tra-

ing of militia took place, which, I dare say will fully account for the drunken men on that occasion. I was present when the affair complained of took place; and really, sir, I wish a goodly number of others, could see nothing to warrant a magistrate in interfering—except to put the parties off the ground, and tell them to be quiet, which was done. And when Mr. "Numbscull" and others spoke to the magistrate about it, he told them the same; but if they would bring a charge against the parties he would attend to it. For my own part I can scarcely see a word of anything in Mr. "Numbscull's" communication, but the signature! By giving the above an early insertion you will oblige,

Yours, &c.,
DÉVANT VITA.

Aurora, July 15, 1857.

Stouffville.

To the Editor of the New Era.

DEAR SIR—Fearing from the quietness of our little Village that we may be forgotten by our neighbors, perhaps it would be as well to inform your readers that we are alive, and on the side of the Globe that lies on an average twelve hours in twenty-four to the sun; and that we have neither been visited by earthquakes or volcanoes.

Stouffville has 63 inhabited dwellings, including a number of groceries and some inhabited garrets; and strange as it may appear, the long looked for comet has not yet come in contact with any of them; so the most wonderful even of the day is the great demonstration of Orangemanism, on the 13th inst.

The day was beautifully fine, and an artistic Grove, prepared by the good Villagers on the green adjoining Mr. French's Inn, afforded a very agreeable retreat, from the scorching rays of the sun, to some 1000 people, where we got some very able speeches,—both original and antiquated, reaching nearly back to the "good old days of Adam and Eve," with now and then some excellent music to cheer up the low spirited. It was shown so plainly that the organization had wrought wonders and performed miracles, that I almost fell in love with the red gowls and pink and blue ribbons. But as I am not noted for going into fits of excitement, I thought better to keep a little cool and consider the matter before coming to a hasty conclusion.

I will endeavor to write you again shortly and keep you posted up with our affairs.

Yours, &c.,
ANONYMOUS.

Stouffville, July 15th 1857.

To Mr. Jackson that prints the New Era.

Such is the tap of the mortuary to yo Mr. Jackson; may St. Pathetic and all the howly saints blis ye and all that's wiil yo for preying Mickey McNair's letter on the broad quescun.

Shure yo know I have Biddy and too small

children to care for, and have to buy a lofe every day of our lives and divil a hapdus we get, but 3lb and 12 or 13 ounces.

So do yo see I was

after speaking to the baker about that same,

and he tolde me that it was not the bread that was too lite but the silvards too heavy.

Well then do ye see I gathered up a lot of small

stones and put them in a wee sack (the same that Biddy keeps for garden seeds) and tak them to the store and got them wayed 4 ones

pounds, not a haught more or less—then do yo

so I balanced a small bit of a stick 3 feet long

quite evenly, and just hung the bread on end

of the stick and the wee sack on the other and how do ye think they behaved them

selves? why as shure as yer name is

Mester Jackson the wee sack went down and the lofe flew up like smoke.

Well the baker says to me, Och Pathic, bad luck to ye for preying

Mickey McNair's letter on the broad quescun.

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Amusement.

Advertising is the oil which wise tradesmen put into their lamps and that foolish ones neglect to use.

What is the difference between a bantam cock and a dirty housemaid? The one is a foolish fowl, the other a foul domestic.

An individual was praising the wit of a man who had a very limited intellect. "Oh, yes," said a lady, "he must possess a rich fund of it, for he never speaks any."

A person recently returned from Europe, he had been presented at Court there. "Did you see the Queen?" said one. "No, I didn't see her, exactly, but I send one of her friends—a judge. Ye see the Court I was presented at, happened to be a Police Court."

The Experience of a Borrower.—How very provoking, my dear fellow! If you had but come yesterday, you might have had the money! How true this is through life! Whenever we ask for anything, the only way we receive it is "yesterday!" In begging favors, to-day always means a day-too-late—*Postscript.*

"Joseph, where is Africa?" "On the map, Sir."

"I mean, Joseph, on what continent—the eastern or western?"

"Well, the land of Africa is on the eastern continent, but the people all of 'em are down South."

"How do the African people live?"

"By drawing."

"By drawing what, water?"

"No, Sir, by drawing their breath."

"Sit down, Joseph."

Aurora Advertisements.

FRESH ARRIVAL! Of Family Groceries Direct from New York.

FINE flavored Tea warranted free from Poison by a sample of each kind having drawn and tasted by C. DOAN.

GROCERIES,

Sugarhouse Syrup, Java Coffee, Rice, &c., &c.

AMERICAN HARDWARE,

Oils, Paints, and Turpentine, Glass, Crockeryware,

Ladies and Mixed Hoods and Shoes, Mens' Hats

and Caps, Embroidered Cloth for Carriages.

CHAS. DOAN, & CO., SHARON.

CHAS. DOAN, AURORA.

Also, for Sale!

NORTH-EAST part of Lot No. 8, Second Concession of East Gwillimbury. 35 Acres of excellent Land. Apply to Mr. Jesse Doan, Sharon, or to the Owner, at Aurora.

CHARLES DOAN.

Aurora, June 20, 1857.

SOMETHING FOR FARMERS!

ALEXANDER FLEURY BEG respectfully to inform his friends, and Farmers in general, that he is now manufacturing a

GANG PLOUGH,

Which, for cheapness, durability and despatch, cannot be surpassed. They will turn from six to eight Acres per day, with one team. These Ploughs can be seen at the shop of the subscriber, Lot No. 10, in the 2nd Con. of King.

All orders punctually attended to, (if by letter post-paid, addressed to Oak Ridge Post Office). The Ploughs can readily be sent to any Station on the Northern Railroad.

A. FLEURY.

King, Feb. 17, 1857.

* * * * *

Fresh Imported Goods!

The Subscribers are in receipt Ex Steamers, Alps and Nugget, direct from Liverpool, of their usual large Stock of seasonable Spring and Summer Staples and Fancy Dry Goods.

Also, From Oswego, N. Y.

200 lbs fresh ground Plaster, 100 lbs hydraulic Cement, 50 lbs fresh American Salt.

AND EXPEDITED DAILY—

60 Kgs assorted American Cut Nail's, best quality.

CHAS. DOAN & CO., Sharon.

CHAS. DOAN,

Aurora.

Aurora, April 30, 1857.

* * * * *

To Millers, Mechanics and Others!

GREAT BARGAIN.

FOR SALE in the Village of AURORA, one and a Half Acres of Land—12½ rods fronting on Yonge Street and 16 Rods deep. There is a river falling Creek running through the Lot.

For Terms and particulars, apply to

Wm. MORTON,

At the Newmarket Orange Brewery.

Ju'y 3rd, 1856.

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BRICKS FOR SALE!

THE Subscribers having established a Brick Yard in the Village of Aurora, have on hand for Sale, 200,000 of GOOD BRICK!

W. MOSLEY,

Land agent, Conveyancer, &c.

Aurora, Aug. 15th, 1856.

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FURNITURE !!

AURORA CABINET WARE ROOMS.

THE undersigned Respectfully intimate to the inhabitants of AURORA and surrounding country, that they have recently opened a

FURNITURE WARE ROOM

In this place, where will be found a general assortment of Household FURNITURE, made of the best materials and by experienced workmen, such as Sofas, Bureaus, Side-Boards, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Cupboards, &c., &c.

All Orders Punctually Attended to.

FURNITURES furnished on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

SHOP NEAR AURORA STATION.

BOYD & CONOLLY.

Aurora, Nov. 5th, 1856.

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REMOVAL TO HIS NEW PREMISES.

ALFRED BERRY,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE,

AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

I now, once more, attention call—

That is—my friends, to thank you all

For favors past—and still shall prize,

The work most pleasing to the eyes.

To my new premises, removed—

Where I awfully, though I'm pleased,

Receiving orders, and so forth—

And I have not yet got a single

Job to work full.

Treating the public will thus set—

And not forget to call on me;

Carriage painting, house and sign,

Paper hanging, super fine;

Gilding, glazing, modeling too;

Most anything you like to do;

And I have not yet got a single

Job to work full.

And all I ask is to be tried—

When quick dispatch will be my bribe,

What I can make complete,

What bid defiance to defeat!!

Aurora, April 30, 1857.

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Toronto Advertisements.**Toronto Advertisements.****S H A W ' S**

"Ramblings in California," PUBLISHED this day, is a lively and interesting Picture of Life at the Diggings.

EVERY ONE SHOULD READ IT.

To be had at all booksellers, or at the publishers'

JAMES BAIN,

37, KING STREET EAST

Toronto, May 14, 1857.

16-17

GOLD AND SILVER WALES,

Jewelry, Electro Silver Plate and Brass Metal

Ware, Paper Making, Fancy Goods,

Watches, Tackles, Black, White,

Tea Trays and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., Woods,

Medicines containing molasses, or li-

quorice, like the boasted Sarsaparillas,

require many large bottles to procure the

slightest change in health. The Forest Wine

is altogether a different article. It contains no

syrups to give it consistency, but acquires its

excellent flavor, and powerful medicinal prop-

erties from the vegetable plants of which it is

composed. The Forest Wine combines the vi-

tuals of the Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Yellow Dock,

and Sarsaparilla!

With other valuable plants whose properties are

still more effective.

Its high concentration, renders it one of the

most efficient medicines now in use. Some-

times less than a single bottle restores the

lingering patient from weakness, debility, and

sickness, to strong and vigorous health. Every

glass does also its good effects on the constitution,

and improves the state of the health. The

Forest Wine is recommended, in the strongest

forms, for all complaints of the

Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous, Dis-

orders, Bilious Affections, Dropsey, Dyspe-

psis, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Female

Complaints, Scrofula, and all Disorders

arising from BAD BLOOD and Impure

Habits of the System.

SAVING FROM DEATH!!!

Testimony of Mr. Nathan Mathews, a high-

ly respectable and wealthy citizen of Newark

N. J.

Dr. G. W. HALSEY:—I believe your Forest

Wine and pills have been the means of saving

my life. When I commenced taking them, I

laid at the point of death, with Dropsey, Piles

and Asthma. My physicians had given me over

as past cure, and my family had lost all hopes

of my recovery. While in this dreadful situa-

tion, your Forest Wine and Pills were procur-

ed for me, and before I had finished the first

bottle of Wine and Box of Pills, I experienced

great relief; my body and limbs, which were

greatly swollen, became sensibly reduced.

Hopes of my recovery began now to revive,

and after continuing the use of your medicines

for about a month, the Piles and Asthma were

completely cured. The Dropsey, with which

my life was placed in such great danger, was

placed in such great danger, was also nearly

gone. I have continued the use of your medi-

cines up to the present time, and I now enjoy

perfect health as ever I did in my life, al-

though I am more than sixty years of age.

Yours, respectively,

N. MATHEWS.

Network, N. J., Dec. 19, 185